

Yamaha DSP-RX V4.0 以降で使われている
第3者のソフトウェアライセンスとコピーライト

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1 第3者ソフトウェアリスト

Each category name indicates the following license type.

Please see each section below for detailed terms and conditions.

- LGPLv2.1 = GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE Version 2.1
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- BZIP2 = bzip2 and libbzip2 License
- SSL = OpenSSL toolkit License

[LGPLv2.1]

- libacl1
- libc6
- libcgroup
- libkmod2

- libnl-3-200
- libnl-3-cli
- libnl-3-genl
- libnl-idiag-3-200
- libnl-nf-3-200
- libnl-route-3-200
- libusb-0.1-4
- libusb-1.0-0

[GPLv3]

- coreutils
- coreutils-dev

[GPLv2]

- base-files
- base-passwd
- bash
- bash-completion
- busybox
- busybox-hwclock
- busybox-syslog
- ca-certificates
- cryptodev-linux
- cryptodev-module
- dbus-1
- e2fsprogs-badblocks
- e2fsprogs-e2fsck
- e2fsprogs-mke2fs

e2fsprogs-tune2fs	
ethtool	[GPLv2/BSD3]
gettext	libcap2
i2c-tools	libpam
initscripts-functions	libpam-runtime
init-ifupdown	pam-plugin-deny
initscripts	pam-plugin-env
input-utils	pam-plugin-faildelay
iproute2	pam-plugin-group
iproute2-tc	pam-plugin-lastlog
iptables	pam-plugin-limits
libdbus-1-3	pam-plugin-mail
libgettextlib	pam-plugin-motd
libgettextsrc	pam-plugin-nologin
libopkg1	pam-plugin-permit
libreadline5	pam-plugin-rootok
mmc-utils	pam-plugin-securetty
mtd-utils	pam-plugin-shells
netbase	pam-plugin-unix
opkg	pam-plugin-warn
rng-tools	
smcroute	[GPLv2/GPLv3/LGPLv2.1]
strongswan	libgcrypt
systemd-serialgetty	
timestamping	[GPLv2/LGPL2]
uim	procps
update-alternatives-opkg	
update-rc.d	[GPLv2/LGPLv2.1]

attr	util-linux-mount
bc	util-linux-mountpoint
kmod	util-linux-readprofile
libattr1	util-linux-runuser
libgpg-error0	util-linux-sfdisk
libsystemd0	util-linux-sulogin
libudev1	util-linux-swaponoff
systemd	util-linux-umount
systemd-extra-utils	
systemd-vconsole-setup	[GPLv2/LGPLv2.1/MIT/BSD3]
trace-cmd	libss2
udev	
udev-hwdb	[GPLv2/LGPLv2/MIT/BSD3]
[GPLv2/LGPLv2.1/BSD3]	e2fsprogs
libblkid1	libcom-err2
libfdisk1	libe2p2
libform5	libext2fs2
libmount1	[GPLv2/MIT]
libsmartcols1	run-postinsts
libuuid1	systemd-compat-units
util-linux	udev-extraconf
util-linux-agetty	
util-linux-cfdisk	[GPLv2/MIT/BSD3]
util-linux-fdisk	nfs-utils-client
util-linux-fsck	
util-linux-losetup	[GPLv2 + Exception Terms]
util-linux-mkfs	libasm1

libdw1

libelf1

(Exception Terms)

This file describes the limits of the Exception under which you are allowed to distribute Non-GPL Code in linked combination with Red Hat elfutils.

For the full text of the license, please see one of the header files included with the source distribution or the file COPYING found in the top level directory of the source.

The Approved Interfaces are the functions declared in the files:

libelf.h

libdw.h

libdwfl.h

[BSD2]

dhcpcd

[BSD3]

eventdump

libarchive13

libevent

libnfsidmap0

parse-ip

ptpd

shadow

shadow-base

strace

[MIT]

expat

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libevdev

libffi6

libformw5

libncurses5

libncursesw5

libpopt0

libstdc++6

libthread-db1

libtic5

libtinfo5

libubsan0

libxml2

ncurses

ncurses-terminfo

ncurses-terminfo-base

ncurses-tools

opkg-arch-config

oscpack

os-release

shadow-securetty

volatile-binds

xz
libexpat1
Copyright (c) 1998, 1999, 2000 Thai Open Source Software Center Ltd and Clark Cooper
Copyright (c) 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006 Expat maintainers.
SimpleFileWatcher
Copyright (c) 2009 James Wynn (james@jameswynn.com)

[BZIP2]

bzip2
libbz2-1

[SSL]

libcrypto1.0.0
libssl1.0.0

2 ライセンス条項一覧

=====
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Version 2.1, February 1999
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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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Version 2, June 1991

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this

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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a

work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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